# ICF-1280I Series

# Industrial PROFIBUS-to-fiber converters with redundant fiber ring



#### **Features and Benefits**

- · Redundant fiber ring with zero recovery time
- · Examines network-wide fiber communication from a single converter
- Auto baudrate detection and data speed of up to 12 Mbps
- PROFIBUS fail-safe prevents corrupted datagrams in functioning segments
- · Alarm by relay output
- · 2 kV galvanic isolation protection
- · Dual power inputs for redundancy
- Extends PROFIBUS transmission distance up to 45 km
- Wide-temperature model available for -40 to 75°C environments
- Supports Fiber Signal Intensity Diagnosis

#### **Certifications**







#### Introduction

The ICF-1280I industrial PROFIBUS-to-fiber converters are used to convert PROFIBUS signals from copper to optical fiber. The converters are used to extend serial transmission up to 4 km (multi-mode fiber) or up to 45 km (single-mode fiber). The ICF-1280I Series provides 2 kV isolation protection for the PROFIBUS system and dual power inputs to ensure that your PROFIBUS device will perform uninterrupted.

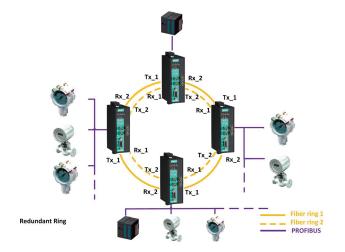
#### **Remote Fiber Diagnosis**

Optical fiber cables are often deployed for long-distance communication and a fiber-optic inspection pen is used by engineers to ensure proper communication quality of the fiber cable. The ICF-1280I Series eliminates the need for a fiber-optic inspection pen by providing a Remote Fiber Diagnosis function that uses DIP switch adjustments.

There are two major functions provided by Remote Fiber Diagnosis: (1) determining which side (Tx or Rx) is causing the problem on the converter; (2) examining the fiber connections for the overall topology from any individual converter. Fiber cable abnormalities can be automatically detected and identified by the LED indicator even if it is not adjacent to the converter. Remote Fiber Diagnosis facilitates fiber cable deployment and management, and also significantly shortens troubleshooting time by examining fiber connections for the overall topology from any individual converter.

### **Redundant Ring**

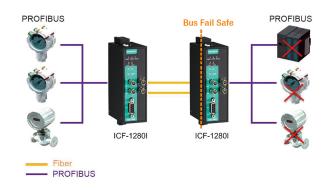
The ICF-1280I Series of converters can connect PROFIBUS devices in a redundant fiber ring topology. Use the DIP switch to configure all the ICF-1280I converters to redundant ring mode. When a PROFIBUS master transmits a signal from one converter to the PROFIBUS slave devices, this signal will travel to all the converters around the ring until it returns to the original converter and terminate. The redundant ring structure ensures no packet loss with zero recovery time.





#### **PROFIBUS Fail-Safe**

Electrical noise may be generated when a PROFIBUS device malfunctions or the serial interface fails, resulting in bus failure. Traditional media converters transmit noise signals through the fiber wire to the other converter. This not only disrupts data communication between the two buses, but will also bring communication across the entire system to a halt. When this occurs, the engineers will not be able to easily locate the failed device because the entire PROFIBUS network is down. To avoid this situation, the ICF-1280I Series has a mechanism to detect and recognize noise signals. If the bus fails on one side, the noise signal will not propagate through the ICF-1280I converter and affect additional bus segments. In addition, the ICF-1280I converter will also trigger an alarm to provide the location of the failure to the field engineer.



14 dBm

4 km

#### **Auto/Manual Baudrate Settings**

The ICF-1280I converters convert signals back and forth between PROFIBUS and fiber at baudrates between 9.6 kbps to 12 Mbps. Engineers do not need to know the baudrate of the connected PROFIBUS device; the ICF-1280I converters can automatically detect the baudrate of the PROFIBUS device and apply this baudrate directly. This is an extremely convenient feature. If necessary, baudrates can be set to a fixed value via DIP switches to shorten the baudrate detection period when the system initializes.

#### **Fiber Link Monitor**

The ICF-1280I converters support a fiber link monitoring function to detect communication errors on both sides of the fiber connection and determine which side (Tx or Rx) is causing the problem. When a communication error occurs, a red LED status indicator will turn on and the relay alarm will activate. If a fiber abnormality occurs at a remote fiber segment, the Fault LED will flash to indicate the abnormality was in the remote segment. Engineers can use the fiber test function for troubleshooting.

## **Fiber Signal Intensity Diagnosis**

In some circumstances, you may need to measure the receive level of the fiber-optic port with a voltmeter, which can be connected while the device is operating (doing so will not affect data transmission). The measurement can be taken with a voltmeter and read on a PLC that uses floating high impedance analog inputs, which allow you to do the following:

- Record the incoming optical power for later measurement (e.g., to indicate aging or damage).
- · Carry out a good/bad test (limit value).

# **Specifications**

#### Serial Interface

Optical Fiber ICF-1280I-M-SC Series: 100BaseFX ports (multi-mode SC connector) ICF-1280I-M-ST Series: 100BaseFX ports (multi-mode ST connector) ICF-1280I-S-SC Series: 100BaseFX ports (single-mode SC connector) ICF-1280I-S-ST Series: 100BaseFX ports (single-mode ST connector) Multi-Mode Single-Mode Wavelength 820 nm 1310 nm Tx Output -14 dBm -7 dBm Rx Sensitivity -28 dBm -29 dBm

Link Budget

**Typical Distance** 

#### **PROFIBUS Interface**

Baudrate	9600 bps to 12 Mbps
Connector	DB9 female
Industrial Protocols	PROFIBUS DP
Isolation	2 kV (built-in)
No. of Ports	1



21 dBm

45 km

Power Parameters	
Input Current	315 mA @ 12 VDC
Input Voltage	12 to 48 VDC
No. of Power Inputs	2
Overload Current Protection	Supported
Power Connector	Terminal block (for DC models)
Power Consumption	315 mA @ 12 VDC
Physical Characteristics	
Housing	Metal
IP Rating	IP30
Dimensions	39 x 115 x 70 mm (1.54 x 4.53 x 2.76 in)
Weight	225 g (0.49 lb)
Installation	DIN-rail mounting
Environmental Limits	
Operating Temperature	Standard Models: 0 to 60°C (32 to 140°F) Wide Temp. Models: -40 to 75°C (-40 to 167°F)
Storage Temperature (package included)	-40 to 75°C (-40 to 167°F)
Ambient Relative Humidity	5 to 95% (non-condensing)
•	
Standards and Certifications	
	EN 55032/24
Standards and Certifications	EN 55032/24  CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class A
Standards and Certifications EMC	
Standards and Certifications  EMC  EMI	CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class A  IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 6 kV; Air: 8 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 10 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 150 kHz to 80 MHz: 10 V/m; Signal: 10 V/m
Standards and Certifications  EMC  EMI  EMS	CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class A  IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 6 kV; Air: 8 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 10 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 150 kHz to 80 MHz: 10 V/m; Signal: 10 V/m IEC 61000-4-8 PFMF  IEC 60068-2-1 IEC 60068-2-2
Standards and Certifications  EMC  EMI  EMS  Environmental Testing	CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class A  IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 6 kV; Air: 8 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 10 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 150 kHz to 80 MHz: 10 V/m; Signal: 10 V/m IEC 61000-4-8 PFMF  IEC 60068-2-1 IEC 60068-2-2 IEC 60068-2-3
Standards and Certifications  EMC  EMI  EMS  Environmental Testing  Hazardous Locations	CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class A  IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 6 kV; Air: 8 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 10 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 150 kHz to 80 MHz: 10 V/m; Signal: 10 V/m IEC 61000-4-8 PFMF  IEC 60068-2-1 IEC 60068-2-2 IEC 60068-2-3  ATEX, Class I Division 2, IECEx
Standards and Certifications  EMC  EMI  EMS  Environmental Testing  Hazardous Locations  Safety	CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class A  IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 6 kV; Air: 8 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 10 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 150 kHz to 80 MHz: 10 V/m; Signal: 10 V/m IEC 61000-4-8 PFMF  IEC 60068-2-1 IEC 60068-2-2 IEC 60068-2-3  ATEX, Class I Division 2, IECEx  EN 60950-1, IEC 60950-1
Standards and Certifications  EMC  EMI  EMS  Environmental Testing  Hazardous Locations  Safety  Vibration	CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class A  IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 6 kV; Air: 8 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 10 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 150 kHz to 80 MHz: 10 V/m; Signal: 10 V/m IEC 61000-4-8 PFMF  IEC 60068-2-1 IEC 60068-2-2 IEC 60068-2-3  ATEX, Class I Division 2, IECEx  EN 60950-1, IEC 60950-1
Standards and Certifications  EMC  EMI  EMS  Environmental Testing  Hazardous Locations  Safety  Vibration  MTBF	CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class A  IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 6 kV; Air: 8 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 10 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 150 kHz to 80 MHz: 10 V/m; Signal: 10 V/m IEC 61000-4-8 PFMF  IEC 60068-2-1 IEC 60068-2-2 IEC 60068-2-3  ATEX, Class I Division 2, IECEx EN 60950-1, IEC 60950-1  IEC 60068-2-6
Standards and Certifications  EMC  EMI  EMS  Environmental Testing  Hazardous Locations  Safety  Vibration  MTBF  Time	CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class A  IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 6 kV; Air: 8 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 10 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 150 kHz to 80 MHz: 10 V/m; Signal: 10 V/m IEC 61000-4-8 PFMF  IEC 60068-2-1 IEC 60068-2-2 IEC 60068-2-3  ATEX, Class I Division 2, IECEx EN 60950-1, IEC 60950-1 IEC 60068-2-6
Standards and Certifications  EMC  EMI  EMS  Environmental Testing  Hazardous Locations  Safety  Vibration  MTBF  Time  Standards	CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class A  IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 6 kV; Air: 8 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 10 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 150 kHz to 80 MHz: 10 V/m; Signal: 10 V/m IEC 61000-4-8 PFMF  IEC 60068-2-1 IEC 60068-2-2 IEC 60068-2-3  ATEX, Class I Division 2, IECEx EN 60950-1, IEC 60950-1 IEC 60068-2-6

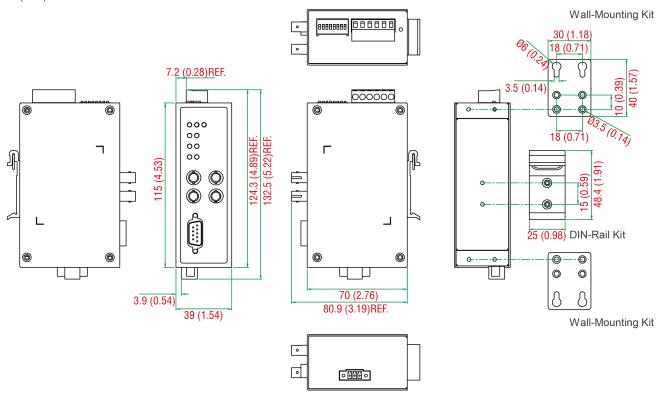


# **Package Contents**

Device	1 x ICF-1280I Series converter
Documentation	1 x quick installation guide 1 x warranty card

# **Dimensions**

Unit: mm (inch)



# **Ordering Information**

Model Name	Operating Temp.	Fiber Module Type
ICF-1280I-M-ST	0 to 60°C	Multi-mode ST
ICF-1280I-M-SC	0 to 60°C	Multi-mode SC
ICF-1280I-S-ST	0 to 60°C	Single-mode ST
ICF-1280I-S-SC	0 to 60°C	Single-mode SC
ICF-1280I-M-ST-T	-40 to 75°C	Multi-mode ST
ICF-1280I-M-SC-T	-40 to 75°C	Multi-mode SC
ICF-1280I-S-ST-T	-40 to 75°C	Single-mode ST
ICF-1280I-S-SC-T	-40 to 75°C	Single-mode SC

© Moxa Inc. All rights reserved. Updated Nov 12, 2018.

This document and any portion thereof may not be reproduced or used in any manner whatsoever without the express written permission of Moxa Inc. Product specifications subject to change without notice. Visit our website for the most up-to-date product information.

